Package leaflet: information for the user

Estecina 250 mg film-coated tablets

Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start taking this medicine because it contains important information

- Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again. If you have any further questions, ask your doctor or pharmacist. This medicine has been prescribed for you only. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them, even if their signs of illness are the same as yours.
- If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. See section 4

What is in this leaflet:

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What Estecina is and what it is used for

Estecina is an antibiotic that belongs to a group of medicines called fluoroquinolones. The active substance is ciprofloxacin. It works by killing bacteria that cause infections. It only works with specific strains of bacteria.

Antibiotics are used to treat bacterial infections and do not serve to treat viral infections such as flu or cold. It is important that you follow the instructions related to

doses, dosage interval and duration of treatment indicated by your doctor.

Do not store nor reuse this medicine. If once treatment is completed you have antibiotic tablets left, bring them back to the pharmacy for its correct disposal. Medicines should not be disposed of via wastewater or household

Adults
Estecina is used in adults to treat the following bacterial infections:
- respiratory tract infections
- long lasting or recurring ear or sinus infections

urinary tract infections

- genital tract infections in men and women gastro-intestinal tract and intra-abdominal infections skin and soft tissue infections bone and joint infections

to prevent of infections due to the bacteria Neisseria meningitidis

anthrax inhalation exposure

Ciprofloxacin may be used in the management of patients with low white blood cell counts (neutropenia) who have a fever that is suspected to be due to a bacterial infection.

If you have a severe infection or one that is caused by more than one type of bacterium, you may be given additional antibiotic treatment in addition to Estecina.

Children and adolescents
Estecina is used in children and adolescents, under specialist medical supervision, to treat the following bacterial infections:

- lung and bronchial infections in children and adolescents suffering from cystic fibrosis

- complicated urinary tract infections including infections that

- complicated urinary tract infections, including infections that have reached the kidneys (pyelonephritis)
- anthrax inhalation exposure
Ciprofloxacin may also be used to treat other severe infections in children and adolescents when your doctor considers this as

What you need to know before you take Estecina

Do not take Estecina:

- if you are allergic (hypersensitive) to active substance, to any other quinolone drugs or to any of the other ingredients of this medicine (see section 6)
- if you are taking tizanidine (see section 2: Other medicines and Estecina)

Warnings and precautions

Talk to your doctor before you start taking Estecina:

- if you have ever had kidney problems because your treatment may need to be adjusted

máy need to be adjusted if you suffer from epilepsy or other neurological conditions if you have a history of tendon problems during previous treatment with antibiotics such as Estecina if you have myasthenia gravis (a type of muscle weakness) if you have a history of heart problems. Caution should be taken when using ciprofloxacin, if you were born with or have family history of prolonged QT interval (seen on ECG, electrical recording of the heart) have salt imbalance in the blood (especially low level of potassium or magnesium in the blood), have a very slow heart rhythm (called 'bradycardia'), have a weak heart (heart failure), have a history of heart attack (myocardial infarction), you are female or elderly or you are taking other medicines that result in abnormal ECG changes (see section 2 Other medicines and Estecina) section 2 Other medicines and Estecina)

For the treatment of some genital tract infections, your doctor can prescribe another antibiotic in addition to ciprofloxacin. If there is no improvement in symptoms after 3 days of treatment, please consult your doctor.

If your eyesight becomes impaired or if your eyes seem to be otherwise affected, consult an eye specialist immediately

While taking Estecina

Tell your doctor immediately, if any of the following occurs. Your

doctor will decide whether treatment needs to be stopped.

- Severe, sudden allergic reaction (an anaphylactic Severe, sudden allergic reaction (an anaphylacuc reaction/shock, angioedema). Even with the first dose, there is a small chance that you may experience a severe allergic reaction

with the following symptoms: tightness in the chest, feeling dizzy, sick or faint, or experiencing dizziness when standing up. If this happens, stop taking Estecina and contact your doctor immediately.

Pain and swelling in the joints and tendinitis may occur occasionally, particularly if you are elderly and are also being treated with corticosteroids. Inflammation and rupture of tendons may occur even within the 48 hours of treatment or up to several months after discontinuing treatment with this medicine. At the first sign of any pain or inflammation stop taking this medicine and rest the painful area. Avoid any unnecessary exercise, as this

might increase the risk of a tendon rupture.

If you suffer from epilepsy or other neurological conditions such as cerebral ischemia or stroke, you may experience side effects associated with the central nervous system. If this happens, stop taking this medicine and contact your doctor immediately. immediately.

You may experience **psychiatric reactions** the first time you take this medicine. If you suffer from **depression** or **psychosis**, your symptoms may become worse under treatment with this medicine. In rare cases, depression or psychosis may lead to thoughts of suicide, suicide attempts or consummated suicide. If this happens, stop taking this medicine and contact your dector immediately.

your doctor immediately.
You may experience symptoms of neuropathy such as pain, burning, tingling, numbness and/or weakness in the limbs. If this happens, stop taking this medicine and contact your doctor

Hypoglycáemia has been reported most often in diabetic

patients, predominantly in elderly population. If this happens, contact your doctor immediately.

Diarrhoea may develop while you are taking antibiotics, including this medicine, or even several weeks after you have stopped taking them. If it becomes severe or persistent or you notice that your stool contains blood or mucus, stop taking this medicine immediately as this can be life-threatening. Do not medicine immediately, as this can be life-threatening. Do not take medicines that stop or slow down bowel movements and contact your doctor.

contact your doctor.
Tell the doctor or laboratory staff that you are taking this medicine if you have to provide a **blood or urine sample**. This medicine may cause **liver damage**. If you notice any symptoms such as loss of appetite, jaundice (yellowing of the skin), dark urine, itching, or stomach ache, stop taking this medicine and contact your doctor immediately.
Tell your doctor if you suffer from kidney problems, because your dose may need to be adjusted.
This medicine may cause a reduction in the number of white

your dose may need to be adjusted. This medicine may cause a reduction in the number of white blood cells and your **resistance to infection may be decreased**. If you experience an infection with symptoms such as fever and serious deterioration of your general condition, or fever with local infection symptoms such as sore throat/pharynx/mouth or urinary problems you should see your doctor immediately. A blood test will be taken to check possible reduction of white blood cells (agranulocytosis). It is important to inform your doctor about your medicine. Talk to your doctor if you or a member of your family is known to have a deficiency in glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase (G6PD), since you may experience a risk of anaemia with ciprofloxacin

ciproflóxacin

Your skin becomes more **sensitive to sunlight or ultraviolet (UV) light** when taking this medicine. Avoid exposure to strong sunlight, or artificial UV light such as sunbeds.

Other medicines and Estecina

Talk to your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking, have recently taken or might take any other medicines.

Do not take Estecina together with tizanidine, because this

may cause side effects such as low blood pressure and sleepiness (see section 2: "Do not take Estecina").

The following medicines are known to interact with Ciprofloxacin in your body. Taking Ciprofloxacin together with these medicines can influence the therapeutic effect of those medicines. It can also increase the probability of experiencing side effects.

Tell your doctor if you are taking:

vitamin K antagonists (e.g. warfarin) or other oral anti-coagulants (to thin the blood) probenecid (used for gout) methotrexate (for certain types of cancer, psoriasis, rheumatoid

attimus)
theophylline (for breathing problems)
tizanidine (for muscle spasticity in multiple sclerosis)
olanzapine (an antipsychotic)
clozapine (an antipsychotic)
ropinirole (for Parkinson's disease)
phenytoin (for epilepsy)
motoclograpide (for pausea and veniting)

metoclopramide (for nausea and vomiting)

cyclosporin (used for skin conditions, rheumatoid arthritis and in organ transplantation)

other medicines that can alter your heart rhythm: medicines that belong to the group of antiarrhythmics (e.g. quinidine, hydroquinidine, disopyramide, amiodarone, sotalol, dofetilide, ibutilide), tricyclic antidepressants, some antimicrobials (that belong to the group of macrolides), some antipsychotics.

This medicine may **increase** the levels of the following medicines in your blood:

pentoxifylline (used to treat circulatory disorders)

caffeine

duloxetine (for depression, diabetic nerve damage or incontinence)

lidocaine (for heart conditions or anaesthetic use)

sildenafil (e.g. for erectile dysfunction)

Some medicines reduce the effect of this medicine. Tell your doctor if you take or wish to take:

antacids

omeprazole mineral supplements

a polymeric phosphate binder (e.g. sevelamer)

- medicines or supplements containing calcium, magnesium, aluminium or iron

If these preparations are essential, take this medicine about two hours before or no sooner than four hours after them.

Estecina with food and drink

Unless you take this medicine during meals, do not eat or drink any dairy products (such as milk or yogurt) or drinks containing added calcium when you take the tablets, as they may affect the absorption of the active substance.

Pregnancy and breastfeeding
It is preferable to avoid the use of this medicine during pregnancy.
Tell your doctor if you are planning to become pregnant.
Do not take this medicine during breastfeeding because ciprofloxacin is excreted in breast milk and can be harmful for your abild.

Driving and using machinesThis medicine may make you feel less alert. Some neurological side events can occur. Therefore, make sure you know how you react to this medicine before driving a vehicle or operating machinery. Check with your doctor if you are not sure..

3. How to take Estecina

Always take this medicine exactly as your doctor has told you. Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure

Your doctor will explain to you exactly how much Estecina you will have to take, as how often and for how long. This will be dependent on the type and severity of your infection.

Tell your doctor if you suffer from kidney problems because your

dose may need to be adjusted.

The treatment usually lasts from 5 to 21 days, but may take longer for severe infections. Always take tablets exactly as your doctor has told you. You should check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure about how many tablets of Estecina you must take or how to take them

a. Swallow the tablets with plenty of liquid. Do not chew the tablets because they do not taste nice.
b. Try to take the tablets at the same time every day.
c. You can take the tablets at meal times or between meals. Any

calcium you take as a part of a meal will not seriously affect uptake. However, do not take Estecina tablets with dairy products such as milk or yoghurt or with fortified fruit juices (e.g. Calcium-fortified orange juice).

Remember to drink plenty of liquids while you are taking this medicine.

If you take more Estecina than you should

In case of overdose or accidental ingestion, contact your doctor or pharmacist at once, or go to the nearest hospital, indicating the medicine and the amount taken..

If you forget to take Estecina

If you forget to take a dose, take the normal dose as soon as possible and, then, continue as prescribed. However, if it is almost time for your next dose, do not take the missed dose and continue as usual. Do not take a double dose to make up for a forgotten dose. Be sure to complete your course of treatment.

If you stop taking Estecina

It you stop taking Estecina It is important that you finish the course of treatment even if you begin to feel better after a few days. If you stop taking this medicine too soon, your infection may not be completely cured and the symptoms of the infection may return or get worse. You may also develop resistance to the antibiotic.

If you have any further questions on the use of this product, ask your doctor or pharmacist

Possible side effects

Like all medicines, this medicine can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them.

Common side effects (may affect up to 1 in 10 people):

nausea, diarrhea

joint pains in children.

Uncommon side effects (may affect up to 1 in 100 people):

fungal superinfections, a high concentration of eosinophils, a type of white blood cell, loss of appetite (anorexia),

hyperactivity or agitation,

headache, dizziness, sleeping problems, or taste disorders, vomiting, abdominal pain, digestive problems such as stomach upset (indigestion/heartburn), or wind, increased amounts of certain substances in the blood (transaminases and/or bilirubin),

skin rash, itching, or hives,

joint pains in adults, poor kidney function

pains in your muscles and bones, feeling unwell (asthenia) or

increase in blood alkaline phosphatase (a certain substance in the blood).

Rare side effects (may affect up to 1 in 1,000 people):

- intestine inflammation (colitis) associated with the use of antibiotics (it may be fatal in rare cases) (see section 2: Take special care with Estecina),

- changes to the blood count (leukopenia, leukocytosis, neutropenia, anaemia), increased or decreased amounts of the blood clotting factor (thrombocytes),

- allergic reaction, swelling (oedema), or rapid swelling of the skin and mucous membranes (angio-oedema),

- increased blood sugar (hyperglycaemia),

- confusion, disorientation, anxiety reactions, strange dreams, depression, (potentially leading to thoughts of suicide, suicide attempts or consummated suicides) or hallucinations,

- numbness and tingling, unusual sensitivity to sensory stimuli, decreased skin sensitivity, tremors, seizures (see section 2: Take special care with Estecina) or giddiness,

- eyesight problems (including double vision),

- tinnitus (ringing in the ear), loss of hearing, impaired hearing, increase heart rate (tachycardia),

increase heart rate (tachycardia),

widenining of blood vessels (vasodilation), low blood pressure, or fainting shortness of breath, including asthmatic symptoms,

liver disorders, jaundice (cholestatic icterus), or hepatitis, sensițivity to light (see section 2: Take special care with

muscle pain, inflammation of the joints, increased muscle tone, rivels of the enzyme amylase

increased levels of the enzyme amylase.

Very rare side effects (may affect up to 1 in 10,000 people):
- a special type of reduced red blood cell count (haemolytic anaemia); a dangerous reduction of white blood cells dagranulocytosis); a drop in the number of red and white blood cells and platelets (pancytopenia), which may be fatal; and bone marrow depression, which may also be fatal (see section 2: Take special care with Estecina)

severe allergic reactions (anaphylactic reaction/shock), which

serum sickness) (see section 2: Take special care with Estecina) mental disturbances (psychotic reactions potentially leading to thoughts of suicide, suicide attempts and consummate suicides) (see section 2: Take special care with Estecina), migraine, disturbed coordination, unsteady walk (gait disturbance), disorder of sense of smell (olfactory disorders),

pressure on the brain (intracranial pressure),

visual color distortions inflammation of the wall of the blood vessels (vasculitis),

pancreatitis,

liver cells death (liver necrosis) that very rarely can lead to life-threatening liver failure, small, pin-point bleeding under the skin (petechiae); various skin eruptions or rashes (for example, the potentially fatal Stevens-Johnson syndrome or the toxic epidermal necrolysis),

muscle weakness, inflammation of the tendons, tendon rupture -particularly affecting the large tendon at the back of the ankle (Achilles tendon) (see section 2: Take special care with Estecina); exacerbation of the symptoms of myasthenia gravis (see section 2: Take special care with Estecina),

Not known frequency (cannot be estimated from the available

troubles associated with the nervous system such as pain, burning, tingling, numbness and/or weakness in the limbs abnormal fast heart rhythm, life-threatening irregular heart rhythm, alteration of the heart rhythm (called "prolongation of QT") interval" seen on ECG, electrical activity of the heart)

pustular rash

influence on blood clotting (in patients treated with Vitamin K antagonists)

Reporting of side effects

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. By reporting side effects, you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

How to store Estecina

Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children.

Store below 30°C. Protect from humidity

Do not use this medicine after the expiry date, which is stated on the container after "EXP": The expiry date refers to the last day of that

Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater or household waste. If you are not sure, ask your pharmacist how to throw away medicines and packs you no longer use. These measures will help protect the environment.

Contents of the pack and other information

Composition of Estecina The active substance is ciprofloxacin. Each tablet contains 250 mg of ciprofloxacin (hydrochloride).

The other ingredients (excipients) are: microcrystalline cellulose, carboxymethyl starch (type A) (potato), povidone, magnesium stearate, talc, titanium dioxide (E-171), macrogol 6000, ammonio methacrylate copolymer type A and propylene glycol.

What the product looks like and contents of the pack

White or slightly cream, elongated, biconvex film-coated tablets scored on one side.

Each pack contains 1, 10, 14, or 500 tablets. Not all presentations nor pack sizes are marketed in all the

Marketing Authorization Holder and Manufacturer LABORATORIOS NORMON, S.A. Ronda de Valdecarrizo, 6-28760 Tres Cantos -Madrid (SPAIN)

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Advice/medical education

Antibiotics are used to cure bacterial infections. They are ineffective against viral infections.

If your doctor has prescribed antibiotics, you need them precisely

for your current illness. Despite antibiotics, some bacteria may survive or grow. This phenomenon is called resistance: some antibiotic treatments become ineffective.

Misuse of antibiotics increases resistance. You may even help bacteria become resistant and therefore delay your cure or decrease

antibiotic efficacy if you do not respect appropriate:

dosages schedules

duration of treatment

Consequently, to preserve the efficacy of this drug: 1 - Use antibiotics only when prescribed.

Strictly follow the prescription.

Do not re-use an antibiotic without medical prescription, even if you want to treat a similar illness.

Never give your antibiotic to another person; maybe it is not adapted to her/his illness.

After completion of treatment, return all unused drugs to your chemist's shop to ensure they will be disposed of correctly.